

## Yale University Chaplain's Office Multi-Religious Calendar Academic Year 2021-2022

Below are many of the religious holidays observed by members of the Yale commuity.

Please note that individual practices may vary.

"\*" denotes holidays that start sundown the day before

## Fall 2021

**August 19\*: Ashura** (Islam) – For Shias, a commemoration of the martyrdom of Hussein, a grandson of the Prophet Muhammad, at Karbala

**August 21: Raksha Bhandana** (Hindu) – A celebration harmony. The tying of the rakhi (woven bracelet) signifies a special bond of unity and affection between two individuals.

**August 22: Ghost Festival** (Buddhist) – A day when the living perform rituals to relieve the suffering of the ghosts of those who've died, as well as to honor parents and ancestors

**August 29: Krishna Janmashtami** (Hindu) – Birthday of Lord Krishna. An incarnation of the God Vishnu, Krishna represents love and bravery. Krishna reveals His true Self while counseling Prince Arjuna in the Bhagavad Gita.

September 3: Paryushana Parva (Jain) – Eight-day festival of forgiveness and self-discipline

**September 7-8\*: Rosh Hashanah** (Jewish) – Beginning of the Jewish Year and High Holy Days. (Work is prohibited)

**September 10: Ganesh Chaturthi** (Hindu) – Birthday of Lord Ganesha, god of wisdom, prosperity and good fortune and the remover of obstacles

**September 16\*: Yom Kippur** (Jewish) – Day of Atonement (*Fasting and work prohibited*)

**September 21-27\*: Sukkot** (Jewish) – The Feast of the Tabernacles and Harvest festival (*work is prohibited the first two days*)

**September 22: Mabon** (Pagan/Wiccan) – Celebrates the autumnal equinox through a ritual of thanksgiving for the fruits of the earth

**September 28\*: Shemini Atzeret** (Jewish) – marks the end of Sukkot (work prohibited)

**September 29\*: Simchat Torah** (Jewish) – Celebrates the conclusion of the annual cycle of public Torah readings and the beginning of a new cycle (work is prohibited)

**October 6-14: Navratri** (Hindu) – Festival of 9 nights celebrating the Goddess in her various forms, most typically as Ma Durga

October 15: Dussehra (Hindu) – Celebrates Lord Rama's triumph over evil King Ravana, also celebrates the conquest by the Goddess Chamundeshwari over demon King Mahishasura

October 19\*: Mawlid al-Nabi (Islam) - Commemorates birthday of prophet Muhammad

October 27: Buddha's Descent (Buddhist) – Lhabab Duchen is a festival observing the descent of Buddha from heaven to earth

October 31: Samhain (Pagan/Wiccan) - Festival honoring endings, beginnings and the dead

**October 31: Reformation Day** (Protestant Christianity) – Celebration in remembrance of the onset of the Reformation

**November 1: All Saint's Day** (Christianity) – Honors all the saints known and unknown

**November 2: All Soul's Day** (Christianity) – Day of prayer for the dead, particularly but not exclusively one's relatives

November 2-6: Diwali (Hindu, Jain, Sikh) – Festival of Lights.

**November 6\*: Birth of the Báb** (Bahá'í) – Celebrates the birth of the Báb, one of the founders of the Bahá'í Faith.

**November 7\*: Birth of Bahá'u'lláh** (Bahá'í) – Celebrates the birth of Bahá'u'lláh, the founder of the Bahá'í Faith

**November 15: Shichi-go-san** (Shinto) – Celebrates the growth and well-being of young children

**November 19: Birth of Guru Nanak** (Sikh) – Celebrates the birth of the founder of Sikhism and the first of the Sikh Gurus

**November 23: Niinamesai** (Shinto) – Harvest festival that gives thanks for a good crop yield

**November 25\*: Day of the Covenant (**Bahá'í) – Celebrates the appointment of 'Abdu'l-Bahá as the Centre of Bahá'u'lláh's Covenant

**November 27\*: Ascension of 'Abdu'l-Bahá** (Bahá'í) – Commemorates death of Abbas Effendi, known as 'Abdu'l-Bahá in 1921

**November 28: First Sunday of Advent** (Christianity) – Season of expectant waiting and preparation of the celebration of the Nativity of Jesus at Christmas

**November 29- December 6\*: Hanukkah** (Jewish) – Festival of Lights commemorating rededication of Second Holy Temple in Jerusalem at time of Maccabean Revolt

**December 8: Feast of the Immaculate Conception** (Roman Catholic) – Celebrates the solemn belief in the Immaculate Conception of the Blessed Virgin Mary

**December 8: Bodhi Day** (Buddhist) Commemorates the day that the historical Buddha, Siddhartha Gautauma (Shakyamuni), attained enlightenment

**December 15: Śrīmad Bhagavad Gītā Jayantī** - Lord Krishna revealed the Bhagvad Gītā to Prince Arjuna while on the Kurukshetra battlefield.

**December 21: Yule** (Pagan/Wiccan) – Winter solstice in the northern hemisphere, time to meditate on cycle of life, death and rebirth

**December 25: Christmas** (Christian) – Celebration of the birth of Jesus Christ

December 26: Zarathosht Diso (Zoroastrian) – Commemorates death of Zarathustra

## Spring 2022

**January 1: Oshogatsu** (Shinto) – Celebration of New Year, commemorated by going to shrine, thanking the kami (spirits), asking for good fortune and letting resolutions known in presence of kami

**January 6: Epiphany** (Christian) – Feast day that celebrates the revelation of God the Son as a human being in Jesus Christ

**January 7: Christmas** (Orthodox Christian) – Celebration of the birth of Jesus Christ in Orthodox Churches

January 9: Birth of Guru Gobind Singh (Sikh) – Birthday of tenth and last Guru

January 14: Makara Sankranthi (Hindu) – Celebration of the Sun god

January 17\*: Tu B'shevat (Jewish) – New Year of the Trees

February 2: Imbolc (Pagan/Wiccan)- Marks the beginning of Spring

**February 5: Vasant Panchami** (Hindu) – Holy day dedicated to Goddess Saraswati, patron Goddess of knowledge, music, arts, science and technology

**February 15: Buddha's Passing** (Buddhist) – Mahayana festival commemorating the death of the Buddha at the age of 80 and his attainment of parinirvana

**February 16: Sangha Day** (Buddhist)- Celebration in honor of the Buddhist community, especially regarding monastics

**February 25-28\*: Ayyám-i-Há** (Bahá'í) – days of preparation for the Fast, marked by hospitality and charity to poor and sick

- **February 28: Maha Shivaratri** (Hindu) Celebration of the wedding night of Lord Shiva and his Consort Goddess Parvati
- March 1\*: Lailat al Miraj (Islam) Commemorates Prophet Muhammad's nighttime journey from Mecca to Jerusalem where he ascended to heaven, was purified, and given the instruction for Muslims to pray 5 times daily
- **March 2-20\*: Nineteen Day Fast** (Bahá'í) Sunrise to sunset fast also marked with prayer to reinvigorate soul and bring closer to God *(fasting)*
- March 2: Ash Wednesday (Christian) Day of fasting that commemorates first day of Lent
- March 17\*: Purim (Jewish) Commemorates the story of Esther
- **March 17-18: Holi** (Hindu) Holiday associated with exuberant flinging of colored powders, celebrates the advent of spring and the enduring message that good will always be victorious over evil; light will always overcome darkness
- March 20\*: Nowruz (Bahá'í, Zoroastrian) Marks the first day of spring
- March 21\*: Ostara (Pagan/Wiccan) Celebrates Spring, also known as the vernal equinox
- **April 3-May 1\*: Ramadan** (Islam) Month of fasting to commemorate first revelation of the Qur'an to Muhammad
- **April 10: Palm Sunday** (Christian) Feast commemorates Jesus' triumphal entry into Jerusalem
- **April 10: Rama Navami** (Hindu) Celebration of birth of Prince Rama, avatar of the Hindu God Vishnu, to King Dasharatha and Queen Kausalya in Ayodhya
- **April 14: Holy Thursday** (Christian) Commemorates the Maundy and Last Supper of Jesus Christ with the Apostles. Washing of feet is a traditional component
- **April 14: Vaisakhi** (Sikh) Marks the establishment of the Khalsa (religious community of Sikhs) by Guru Gobind Singh
- April 14: Mahavir Jayanthi (Jain) Celebrates birth of Mahavira, the founder of Jainism
- **April 15: Good Friday** (Christian) Commemorates the crucifixion of Jesus Christ and his death at Calvary
- April 15: Memorial of Jesus' Death (Jehovah's Witness) Commemorates the death of Jesus Christ
- **April 16-23\*: Passover** (Jewish) Commemorates liberation of Israelites by God from slavery in Egypt and their freedom as a nation under leadership of Moses (work is prohibited on first and last two days)

- **April 16: Hanuman Jayantï** (Hindu) Celebration of birthday of Hanuman, foremost devotee of Sri Rama and Sita
- April 17: Easter (Christian) Celebration of the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead
- **April 20-May 1\*: Ridván** (Bahá'í) Twelve-day festival when founder Bahá'u'lláh declared his mission
- **April 24: Pascha** (Orthodox Christianity) Celebration of the Resurrection of Jesus Christ from the dead
- April 27: Yom Ha'shoah (Jewish) Holocaust Memorial Day
- May 1: Beltane (Wiccan/Pagan) Honors life and fertility
- May 2\*: Eid al-Fitr (Islam) Marks the end of Ramadan, holy month of fasting
- May 8: Buddha's Birthday (Buddhist) Holiday that commemorates the birth of the Buddha
- May 19\*: Lag B'Omer (Jewish) Celebrates anniversary of the passing of Rabbi Shimon bar Yochai, author of the Zohar (text of Jewish mysticism)
- May 24: Declaration of the Báb (Bahá'í) Commemorates declaration of the Báb, the forerunner of Bahá'u'lláh the founder of the Bahá'í Faith
- May 26: Ascension Day (Christianity) Celebrates the departure of Christ from Earth into the presence of God
- May 29: Ascension of Bahá'u'lláh (Bahá'í) Anniversary of death of founder
- **June 5-6\*: Shavuot** (Jewish) Festival commemorating giving of the Torah at Mt. Sinai (work restrictions)
- **June 5: Pentecost** (Christian) Celebrates the descent of the Holy Spirit on the disciples of Jesus after his Ascension
- July 10\*: Eid al-Adha (Islam) Commemorates Ibrahim's sacrifice of his son to God
- July 10: Martyrdom of the Báb (Bahá'í) date the Báb was executed
- **August 7\*: Tisha B'Av** (Jewish) Day of mourning to commemorate many tragedies that have befallen Jewish people, many occurring on the ninth of Av (fasting and work restrictions)